

THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security
Data for August 1980

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor
James A. Davenport, Commissioner

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Area Wage Survey Summary for Five Metropolitan Statistical Areas in Tennessee	1
Recent Publications by Research and Statistics	3
County Unemployment Rates	3
Tennessee Civilian Labor Force Summary	4
State Unemployment Insurance Activities	6
Chattanooga MSA	7
Johnson City, Kingsport, and Bristol MSA	8
Knoxville MSA	9
Memphis MSA	10
Nashville MSA	11
U.S. Consumer Price Index	12

AREA WAGE SURVEY SUMMARY FOR FIVE METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS IN TENNESSEE

This summary presents the results of occupational wage surveys for five metropolitan statistical areas in Tennessee. The Bureau of Labor Statistics surveys 32 areas nationally on an annual basis and two groups of 29 areas in alternate years at the request of the Employment Standards Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor for use in administering the Service Contract Act of 1965.

Weekly earnings information on selected office, professional, and technical

occupations are provided for the Nashville and Memphis metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), while hourly earnings information on these occupations are provided for Chattanooga, Knoxville, and Clarksville MSAs. Hourly earnings information on skilled maintenance trade workers and unskilled plant workers employed in selected occupations common to a variety of industries are provided for all five areas.

The average weekly earnings for secretaries in Memphis was \$9.00 higher than in Nashville. In the computer and electronics fields earnings were generally higher in Memphis. Electronic technicians earned \$616.00 per week in Memphis compared to \$584.00 in Nashville. In the three other MSAs hourly wages for secretaries ranged from \$7.31 in Clarksville to \$9.91 in Knoxville, and computer operators ranged from \$7.68 in Clarksville to \$9.40 in Knoxville.

Hourly wages of maintenance occupations can be compared across the five areas surveyed in Tennessee. Wages for jobs such as maintenance electricians, motor vehicle mechanics, and tool and die makers were highest in Memphis.

Hourly wages paid in the material movement and custodial occupations were highest in Nashville and Memphis. Wages for truck drivers ranged from a low of \$7.28 in Clarksville to a high of \$11.94 in Nashville.

Copies of the Area Wage Survey Summary for the Southeast, 1989 as well as job descriptions are available on request from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1371 Peachtree Street, N.E., Suite 540, Atlanta, Georgia 30367.

**AVERAGE EARNINGS FOR SELECTED OFFICE, PROFESSIONAL, AND TECHNICAL
OCCUPATIONS, 1989¹**

Occupation	Average hourly earnings			Average weekly earnings	
	Chattanooga, TN-GA	Clarksville- Hopkinsville, TN-KY	Knoxville, TN	Memphis, TN-AR-MS	Nashville, TN
	September	March	December	November	September
Secretarial and keyboarding occupations					
Secretaries	\$9.56	\$7.31	\$9.91	\$389.50	\$380.50
Stenographers	9.77	-	-	-	-
Typists	-	-	-	-	\$81.50
Word processors	8.32	-	7.59	294.50	349.00
Key entry operators	7.06	7.12	6.62	265.50	338.50
Other clerical occupations					
Accounting clerks	-	-	-	320.00	317.00
Payroll clerks	-	-	-	333.50	334.50
File clerks	5.76	-	-	238.50	245.50
Messengers	5.29	-	4.68	234.50	220.50
Order clerks	-	-	-	347.50	312.00
Receptionists	8.01	-	-	258.50	218.50
Switchboard operators	6.30	6.15	5.58	237.50	239.50
Switchboard operator-receptionists	-	-	-	270.00	273.50
Professional and technical occupations					
Computer systems analysts	-	-	-	671.00	\$665.50
Computer programmers	-	-	-	466.00	483.50
Computer operators	8.75	7.68	9.40	388.50	374.00
Computer data librarians	-	-	-	360.50	-
Drafters	11.22	-	11.76	451.50	399.00
Electronics technicians	13.05	12.36	12.05	616.00	584.00
Registered industrial nurses	-	-	-	-	548.50

¹ The industries within the scope of the survey are manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and selected services. Earnings relate to hourly earnings excluding premium pay for overtime and work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Nonproduction bonuses and other lump-sum payments are also excluded.

² Includes all drivers regardless of size and type of truck operated.

**AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS FOR SELECTED MAINTENANCE, TOOLROOM,
POWERPLANT, MATERIAL MOVEMENT, AND CUSTODIAL OCCUPATIONS,
1989¹**

Occupation	Chattanooga, TN-GA	Clarksville- Hopkinsville, TN-KY	Knoxville, TN	Memphis, TN-AR-MS	Nashville, TN
	September	March	December	November	September
Maintenance, toolroom, and powerplant					
Maintenance carpenters	\$11.54	-	-	\$11.26	-
Maintenance electricians	11.82	\$10.92	-	15.63	\$14.86
Maintenance machinists	12.41	11.30	-	15.32	-
Maintenance mechanics (machinery)	11.60	-	\$13.01	14.06	12.91
Maintenance pipefitters	12.51	-	-	15.10	-
Motor vehicle mechanics	10.96	11.18	11.37	12.90	12.40
General maintenance workers	7.91	7.51	8.17	9.32	7.52
Maintenance trades helpers	-	-	-	9.40	-
Tool and die makers	-	-	-	14.78	11.70
Stationary engineers	-	-	-	13.48	-
Material movement and custodial					
Truck drivers ²	9.02	7.28	9.08	9.82	11.94
Truck drivers, light truck	-	-	5.91	9.74	-
Truck drivers, medium truck	9.75	-	9.26	7.66	12.90
Truck drivers, heavy truck	10.22	-	-	-	10.45
Truck drivers, tractor-trailer	9.12	-	10.08	11.30	12.85
Shippers	-	-	-	9.43	8.58
Receivers	-	-	-	8.74	8.43
Shippers and receivers	-	-	-	10.50	7.42
Warehousemen	-	-	-	9.21	8.39
Order fillers	-	-	-	8.50	8.59
Shipping packers	6.95	-	-	6.55	7.00
Material handling laborers	7.78	7.72	7.85	7.96	9.97
Forklift operators	7.90	7.75	7.92	9.29	9.34
Guards	5.49	-	7.66	5.04	5.43
Janitors, porters, and cleaners	-	4.87	5.18	4.18	4.17

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

Source: Area Wage Survey Summary for the Southeast, 1989, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

RECENT PUBLICATIONS

QUARTERLY REPORTS

Occupations in Demand at Tennessee Department of Employment Security, Second Quarter 1990

This report lists, by Dictionary of Occupational Title (DOT) code and title, those occupations with 10 or more job openings received by Tennessee Department of Employment Security local offices during the quarter. Average hourly wages are given when available, and the Service Delivery Areas having 10 or more job openings are also listed.

ANNUAL REPORTS

Annual Average Tennessee Labor Force Estimates, 1985-1989

This publication contains annual average estimates of labor force, employment, unemployment, and nonagricultural employment by industry for the past five years. Data are provided for the state, metropolitan areas, and non-metropolitan counties. Because of the incorporation of DeSoto County, Mississippi, into the Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area, data for the Memphis MSA are only available for 1988 and 1989.

Tennessee's High School Graduates, 1990

This report contains information derived from a survey of high schools in Tennessee that indicates the number of graduates, the number continuing their education, and the number entering the labor force. It also contains the number of high school and 12th-grade dropouts.

Copies of the above publications can be obtained by writing to the address on the back of this report or by calling (615) 741-1729.

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	August		County	August	
	1989	1990		1989	1990
Anderson	4.7	4.5	Lauderdale	7.0	6.0
Bedford	5.7	5.6	Lawrence	13.9	12.4
Benton	4.4	7.0	Lewis	5.7	7.8
Bledsoe	3.1	4.9	Lincoln	5.6	4.3
Blount	6.6	4.7	Loudon	5.8	4.8
Bradley	4.0	4.3	Macon	6.4	8.4
Campbell	9.6	9.7	Madison	4.4	4.8
Cannon	10.1	8.1	Marion	7.1	6.1
Carroll	6.2	7.0	Marshall	3.1	4.6
Carter	5.4	4.1	Maury	4.5	8.2
Ceatham	2.6	3.0	McMinn	4.9	7.5
Chester	4.3	6.7	McNairy	6.2	6.1
Claiborne	5.5	6.2	Meigs	7.2	8.1
Clay	2.9	3.2	Monroe	9.3	8.4
Cocke	10.7	6.7	Montgomery	5.5	5.9
Coffee	6.5	5.0	Moore	4.5	5.7
Crockett	4.8	4.4	Morgan	7.5	7.6
Cumberland	6.1	6.3	Obion	4.1	5.3
Davidson	3.4	3.4	Overton	5.7	7.1
Decatur	8.5	9.9	Perry	5.9	7.8
DeKalb	7.8	6.0	Pickett	6.4	5.7
Dickson	5.0	5.0	Polk	8.7	10.7
Dyer	3.8	5.1	Putnam	5.0	5.6
Fayette	5.0	8.2	Rhea	6.7	6.3
Fentress	9.2	9.5	Roane	6.2	6.5
Franklin	5.1	4.4	Robertson	3.6	4.8
Gibson	7.7	7.6	Rutherford	4.8	4.6
Giles	6.2	6.1	Scott	8.3	7.6
Grainger	6.6	5.7	Sequatchie	5.6	4.5
Greene	5.3	7.2	Sevier	5.0	4.0
Grundy	9.7	9.3	Shelby	4.3	4.4
Hamblen	5.1	5.8	Smith	4.3	5.6
Hamilton	4.4	3.9	Stewart	4.5	4.8
Hancock	3.9	4.6	Sullivan	3.7	3.6
Hardeman	4.7	4.7	Sumner	4.4	6.3
Hardin	6.6	5.5	Tipton	4.9	4.2
Hawkins	4.8	4.0	Trousdale	3.2	5.0
Haywood	9.4	11.3	Unicoi	5.7	5.7
Henderson	5.1	9.9	Union	5.0	6.1
Henry	4.9	5.2	Van Buren	5.9	7.7
Hickman	4.3	5.8	Warren	12.2	8.1
Houston	6.5	9.2	Washington	3.5	3.6
Humphreys	7.9	13.1	Wayne	10.0	7.4
Jackson	5.6	6.5	Weakley	3.9	4.8
Jefferson	6.2	5.1	White	8.8	11.5
Johnson	9.9	6.0	Williamson	2.3	2.4
Knox	4.6	4.2	Wilson	3.7	4.6
Lake	3.3	6.3			

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	August 1989				Revised July 1990				Preliminary August 1990			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U.S. ¹	125,444,000	119,092,000	6,352,000	5.1	126,900,000	119,954,000	6,945,000	5.5	126,012,000	119,174,000	6,837,000	5.4
TENNESSEE ²	2,394,100	2,277,700	116,400	4.9	2,448,200	2,325,500	122,700	5.0	2,419,700	2,299,400	120,300	5.0
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS³												
CHATTANOOGA	212,200	202,100	10,100	4.8	214,300	204,300	10,000	4.7	212,400	203,000	9,400	4.4
JOHNSON CITY, KINGS- PORT, AND BRISTOL	216,500	206,900	9,600	4.4	226,600	216,600	9,800	4.3	224,000	215,000	9,000	4.0
KNOXVILLE	295,700	280,700	15,000	5.1	293,900	281,300	12,600	4.3	289,500	276,800	12,700	4.4
MEMPHIS	471,700	450,900	20,800	4.4	479,900	459,200	20,700	4.3	476,100	454,600	21,500	4.5
NASHVILLE	530,900	511,700	19,200	3.6	541,700	521,700	20,000	3.7	536,000	514,900	21,100	3.9

¹ Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

² Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's preliminary unemployment rate for August was 5.0 percent, unchanged from July, and four-tenths of a percentage point lower than the national rate of 5.4 percent. Tennessee's unemployment rate has been lower than the national rate six of the last eight months.

Across the state, the unemployment rate declined in 52 counties, increased in 36 counties, and remained the same in seven counties. Five counties reported unemployment rates over 10.0 percent. Williamson County at 2.4 percent, up from 2.2 percent, once again recorded the state's lowest unemployment rate. Humphreys County at 13.1 percent, down from 13.6 percent reported the highest unemployment rate in the state.

From August 1989 to August 1990 the majority of growth in the goods producing industries was in transportation equipment, up by 3,000. The services producing industries experienced job growth in services, up by 12,600 of which 5,400 jobs were created in health services and 3,600 in business services. A record level of employment was set in the services industry at 486,600.

Decreases in employment from August 1989 to August 1990 occurred in manufacturing due to declines in apparel, down by 3,200; electronic and other electrical equipment, down 2,300; and industrial machinery, down by 2,000. Retail trade lost jobs in apparel and accessory stores, down by 1,500, and miscellaneous retail, down by 1,800.

The July to August figures show that manufacturing industries had employment increases of 300 to 500 jobs in each of the following industries: apparel, furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, transportation equipment, and paper. Government employment was up by 10,400 due to seasonal increases in local school systems and universities.

Declines over the month ranged from 400 to 500 jobs each in construction, industrial machinery and equipment, food and kindred products, and chemicals. Federal government declined by 400 primarily due to losses in census workers. Wholesale durable goods, building materials and garden supplies, food stores, and personal services lost 200 jobs each.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989 to Aug. 1990	July 1990 to Aug. 1990
TOTAL	2,171.2	2,170.3	2,183.3	12.1	13.0
Goods Producing	638.2	629.2	629.0	-9.2	-0.2
Manufacturing	528.3	520.0	520.3	-8.0	0.3
Durable Goods	261.3	258.4	258.6	-2.7	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	21.2	21.0	20.7	-0.5	-0.3
Furniture & Fixtures	27.9	27.8	28.2	0.3	0.4
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	14.7	14.6	14.7	0.0	0.1
Primary Metal Industries	15.6	14.6	14.8	-0.8	0.2
Fabricated Metal Products	43.1	42.0	42.4	-0.7	0.4
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	40.5	38.9	38.5	-2.0	-0.4
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	40.1	37.9	37.8	-2.3	-0.1
Transportation Equipment	35.0	37.7	38.0	3.0	0.3
Instruments & Related Products	10.8	11.4	11.2	0.4	-0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	12.4	12.5	12.3	-0.1	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	267.0	261.6	261.7	-5.3	0.1
Food & Kindred Products	39.2	39.6	39.2	0.0	-0.4
Meat Products	8.4	8.4	8.2	-0.2	-0.2
Tobacco	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.0	0.1
Textile Mill Products	22.7	21.6	21.4	-1.3	-0.2
Knitting Mills	11.0	10.2	10.1	-0.9	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	65.9	62.2	62.7	-3.2	0.5
Paper & Allied Products	22.4	22.1	22.4	0.0	0.3
Printing & Publishing	37.4	37.2	37.4	0.0	0.2
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.8	40.5	40.1	0.3	-0.4
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.1	0.0
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	27.7	27.0	27.1	-0.6	0.1
Leather & Leather Products	10.0	9.5	9.4	-0.6	-0.1
Mining	6.4	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0
Construction	103.5	102.8	102.3	-1.2	-0.5
Service Producing	1,533.0	1,541.1	1,554.3	21.3	13.2
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	116.5	116.4	116.6	0.1	0.2
Transportation	90.0	90.0	90.2	0.2	0.2
Communications & Public Utilities	26.5	26.4	26.4	-0.1	0.0
Trade	513.8	514.3	514.9	1.1	0.6
Wholesale Trade	131.1	130.0	130.0	-1.1	0.0
Durable Goods	74.9	74.3	74.1	-0.8	-0.2
Nondurable Goods	56.2	55.7	55.9	-0.3	0.2
Retail Trade	382.7	384.3	384.9	2.2	0.6
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	15.6	15.6	15.4	-0.2	-0.2
Retail General Merchandise	55.3	56.3	56.4	1.1	0.1
Food Stores	66.1	68.6	68.4	2.3	-0.2
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	43.3	43.5	43.6	0.3	0.1
Apparel & Accessory Stores	21.7	20.0	20.2	-1.5	0.2
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.1	13.2	13.1	-1.0	-0.1
Eating & Drinking Places	123.2	125.8	126.2	3.0	0.4
Miscellaneous Retail	43.4	41.3	41.6	-1.8	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	104.5	104.4	104.4	-0.1	0.0
Finance	46.4	45.9	46.0	-0.4	0.1
Insurance	35.5	36.0	35.9	0.4	-0.1
Real Estate & Investment Offices	22.6	22.5	22.5	-0.1	0.0
Services	474.0	484.6	484.6	12.6	2.0
Hotels & Other Lodging	33.0	32.9	33.1	0.1	0.2
Personal Services	24.6	24.5	24.3	-0.3	-0.2
Business Services	89.9	91.6	93.5	3.6	1.9
Health Services	147.1	152.4	152.5	5.4	0.1
Hospitals	69.9	72.5	72.5	2.6	0.0
Government	324.2	321.4	331.8	7.6	10.4
Federal	63.0	65.9	65.5	2.5	-0.4
State & Local	261.1	255.5	266.3	5.2	10.8
State	76.0	75.1	76.2	0.2	1.1
Local	185.1	180.4	190.1	5.0	9.7

*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

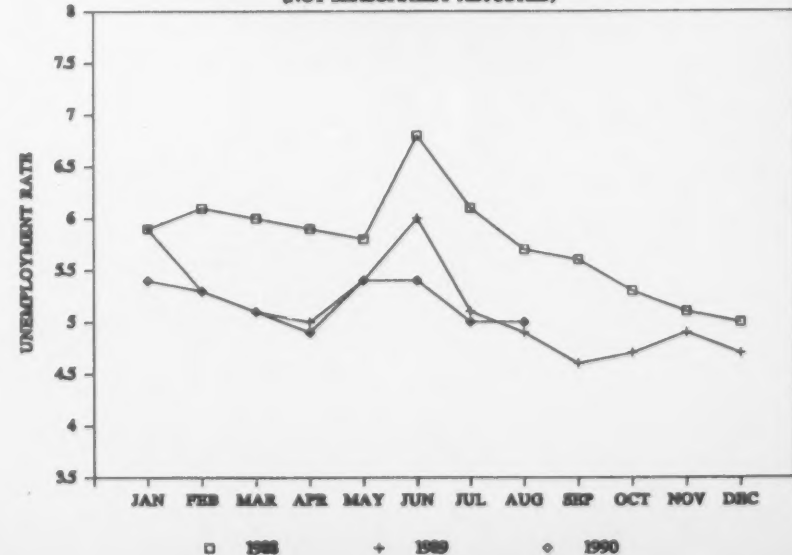
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
All Manufacturing	376.48	378.46	375.88	41.1	39.3	39.4	9.16	9.63	9.54
Durable Goods	396.33	379.94	385.84	41.5	38.3	38.7	9.55	9.92	9.97
Lumber & Wood Products	257.45	257.95	265.39	40.8	38.5	38.8	6.31	6.70	6.84
Furniture & Fixtures	319.18	294.41	310.98	39.6	35.6	36.5	8.06	8.27	8.52
Stone, Clay, & Glass	558.84	535.82	579.08	46.3	44.1	45.1	12.07	12.15	12.84
Primary Metal Industries	490.73	478.59	490.62	41.8	43.0	42.7	11.74	11.13	11.49
Fabricated Metal Products	428.69	422.50	423.33	41.3	40.9	41.1	10.38	10.33	10.30
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	386.46	358.39	339.98	41.2	37.1	35.6	9.38	9.66	9.55
Instruments & Related Products	412.44	378.55	412.22	42.0	40.4	43.3	9.82	9.37	9.52
Nondurable Goods	356.53	377.34	366.22	40.7	40.4	40.2	8.76	9.34	9.11
Food & Kindred Products	346.32	372.07	337.64	40.6	41.9	42.1	8.53	8.88	8.02
Textile Mill Products	314.16	333.74	329.93	41.5	40.7	41.5	7.57	8.20	7.96
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	220.98	225.72	230.00	38.1	36.0	36.8	5.80	6.27	6.25
Paper & Allied Products	526.89	498.20	497.03	46.3	42.4	42.3	11.38	11.75	11.75
Chemical & Allied Products	488.27	554.95	491.17	41.1	45.6	39.9	11.88	12.17	12.31
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	438.61	456.52	454.43	41.3	40.4	41.5	10.62	11.30	10.95
Leather & Leather Products	250.80	246.83	260.91	40.0	37.8	39.0	6.27	6.53	6.69

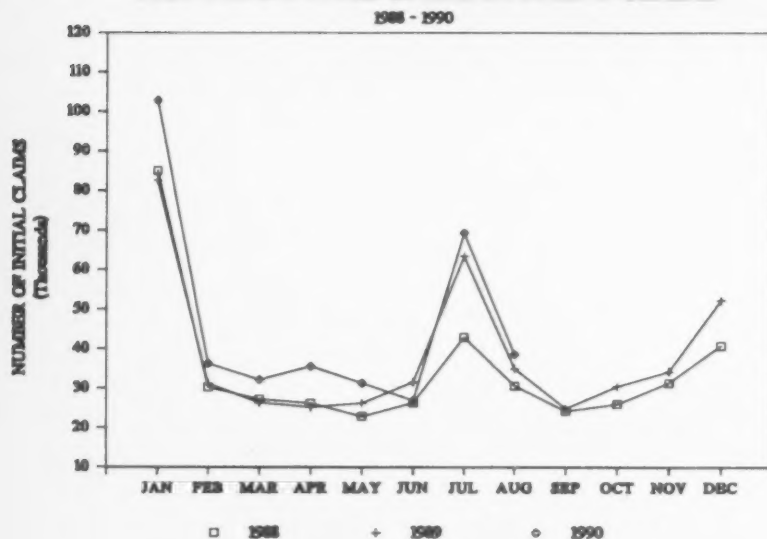
TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

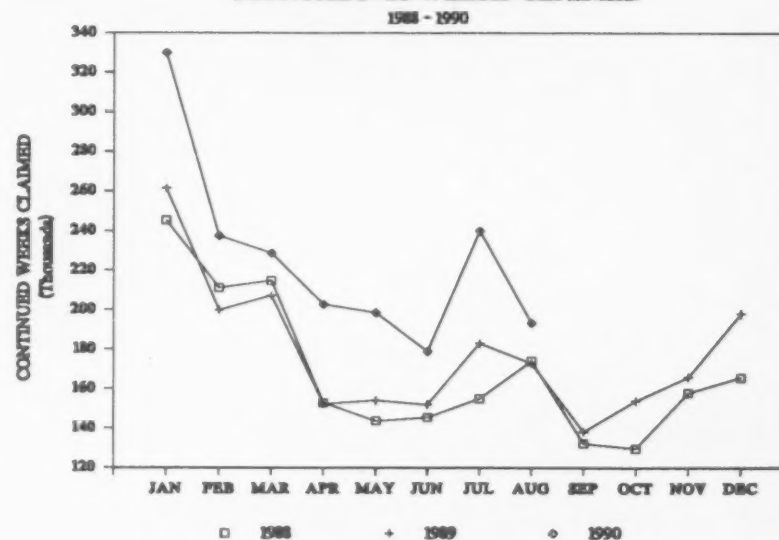


STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS



MONTHLY UI WEEKS CLAIMED



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	August 1989	July 1990	August 1990
Initial Claims	34,937	69,312	38,576
Continued Weeks Claimed	172,870	239,897	193,249
Nonmonetary Determinations	4,735	3,760	4,298
Appeals Decisions	1,159	1,130	1,296
Lower Authority	1,016	1,141	1,128
Higher Authority	143	189	168

BENEFITS

Amount Paid	\$15,884,143	\$21,466,544	\$18,960,553
Benefit Weeks Paid	147,741	187,942	169,059
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$110	\$111	\$111
First Payments	11,996	38,041	27,447
Final Payments	3,233	5,051	4,464
Average Weeks Duration	11	10	10
Trust Fund Balance	\$649,932,353	\$666,051,163	\$692,076,705

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	August 1989	July 1990	August 1990
Benefits Paid	\$814,151	\$815,370	702,905
Benefit Weeks Claimed	4,568	3,906	3,451
Initial Claims	539	434	388
Continued Weeks Claimed	4,943	4,266	3,614
Appeals Decisions	16	18	25

FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:

Benefits Paid	\$186,161	\$208,130	\$213,446
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,251	1,361	1,346
Initial Claims	248	290	293
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,364	1,701	1,548
Appeals Decisions	5	6	3

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 1,500 between July and August. Manufacturing employment increased by 500 during the month with the largest increases reported in primary metals (+200) and textile mill products (+400) due to recalls from temporary layoffs.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989 July 1990	
				Aug. 1990	Aug. 1990
TOTAL	197.3	197.3	198.8	1.5	1.5
Goods Producing	56.3	55.8	56.3	0.0	0.5
Manufacturing	47.6	46.3	46.8	-0.8	0.5
Durable Goods	18.5	17.5	17.6	-0.9	0.1
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.9	3.2	3.4	-0.5	0.2
Fabricated Metal Products	4.3	4.1	4.2	-0.1	0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.6	2.6	2.6	-0.2	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	5.5	5.4	5.4	-0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods	29.1	28.8	29.1	0.0	0.3
Food & Kindred Products	6.8	6.7	6.8	0.0	0.1
Textile Mill Products	12.1	12.3	12.7	0.6	0.4
Knitting Mills	2.6	2.6	2.6	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.6	1.5	1.5	-0.1	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
Printing & Publishing	2.2	2.1	2.1	-0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.4	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	1.0	1.0	0.9	-0.1	-0.1
Mining	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	8.0	8.7	8.7	0.7	0.0
Service Producing	140.7	141.5	142.5	1.8	1.0
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	8.0	8.0	8.1	0.1	0.1
Trade	47.1	46.3	46.4	-0.7	0.1
Wholesale Trade	11.8	11.4	11.4	-0.4	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.2	6.8	6.8	-0.4	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.6	4.6	4.6	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	35.3	34.9	34.9	-0.4	0.0
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	12.6	13.2	13.3	0.7	0.1
Services	39.6	41.2	41.0	1.4	-0.2
Government	33.5	32.8	33.7	0.2	0.9
Federal	9.0	9.0	9.8	0.8	0.8
State & Local	24.4	23.8	23.9	-0.5	0.1
State	5.8	5.6	5.6	-0.2	0.0
Local	18.6	18.1	18.3	-0.3	0.2

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Calhoun, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

Federal government experienced a temporary increase of 800 jobs. The services industry decreased by 200 but grew by 1,400 or 3.5 percent over the year.

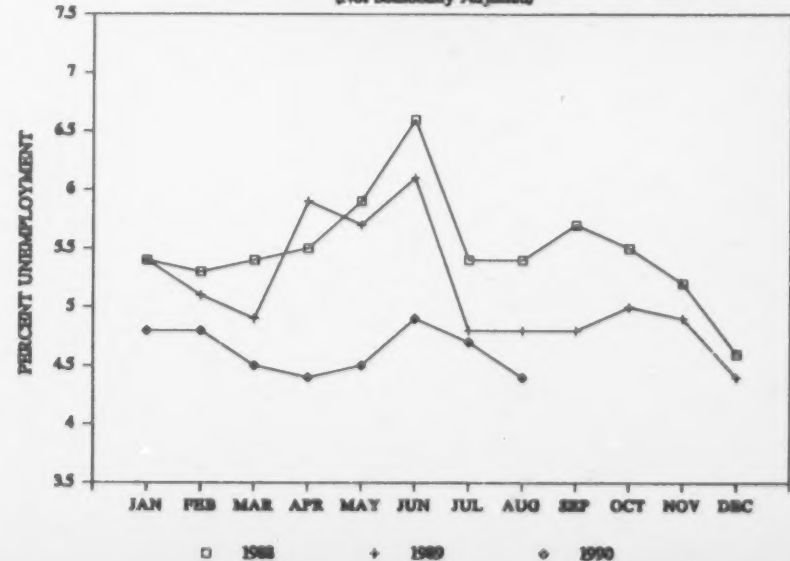
HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

CHATTANOOGA MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989 July 1990 Aug. 1990			Aug. 1989 July 1990 Aug. 1990			Aug. 1989 July 1990 Aug. 1990		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
All Manufacturing	343.07	357.54	349.34	40.6	40.4	40.2	8.45	8.85	8.69
Durable Goods	383.97	380.45	368.94	41.6	41.9	41.5	9.23	9.08	8.89
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	395.17	310.42	323.35	47.1	46.4	49.9	8.39	6.69	6.48
Primary Metal Industries	409.89	440.38	408.20	42.3	44.8	42.3	9.69	9.83	9.65
Fabricated Metal Products	475.38	387.92	381.10	41.7	36.7	37.0	11.40	10.57	10.30
Machinery, Except Electrical	485.52	467.37	470.42	42.0	37.6	39.9	11.56	12.43	11.79
Nondurable Goods	315.61	339.47	334.38	39.9	39.2	39.2	7.91	8.66	8.53
Textile Mill Products	318.55	301.67	298.89	45.9	41.1	40.5	6.94	7.34	7.38
Knitting Mills	267.33	247.90	235.49	42.5	37.0	37.8	6.29	6.70	6.23
Paper and Allied Products	504.95	567.11	588.83	49.7	49.4	50.5	10.16	11.48	11.66
Chemicals and Allied Products	431.40	442.75	443.50	38.9	38.3	38.7	11.09	11.56	11.46

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 700 between July and August and rose 7,500 or 4.5 percent over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 200 over the month with the largest decline of 300 reported in all other nondurable goods due to a plant closing.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989 to Aug. 1990	July 1990 to Aug. 1990
TOTAL	165.1	171.9	172.6	7.5	0.7
Goods Producing	61.9	62.5	62.5	0.6	-0.2
Manufacturing	53.9	54.4	54.2	0.3	-0.2
Durable Goods	21.0	21.4	21.4	0.4	0.0
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	2.1	1.9	1.9	-0.2	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	4.0	3.9	4.0	0.0	0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	6.6	7.3	7.2	0.6	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	6.0	5.9	5.9	-0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods	32.9	33.0	32.8	-0.1	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	2.5	2.3	2.3	-0.2	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	4.8	5.3	5.3	0.5	0.0
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.2	6.0	6.1	-0.1	0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	17.3	17.3	17.0	-0.3	-0.3
Mining & Construction	8.0	8.1	8.1	0.1	0.0
Service Producing	103.1	109.4	110.3	7.2	0.9
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.2	6.2	6.3	0.1	0.1
Trade	36.4	39.3	39.5	1.1	0.2
Wholesale Trade	7.3	7.2	7.1	-0.2	-0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	3.6	3.7	3.6	0.0	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	3.7	3.5	3.5	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	31.1	32.1	32.4	1.3	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.5	5.3	5.3	-0.2	0.0
Services	29.9	33.6	34.0	4.1	0.4
Government	23.1	25.0	25.2	2.1	0.2
Federal	3.9	4.2	4.2	0.3	0.0
State & Local	19.2	20.8	21.0	1.6	0.2
State	4.6	4.8	4.7	0.1	-0.1
Local	14.6	16.0	16.3	1.7	0.3

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Union, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

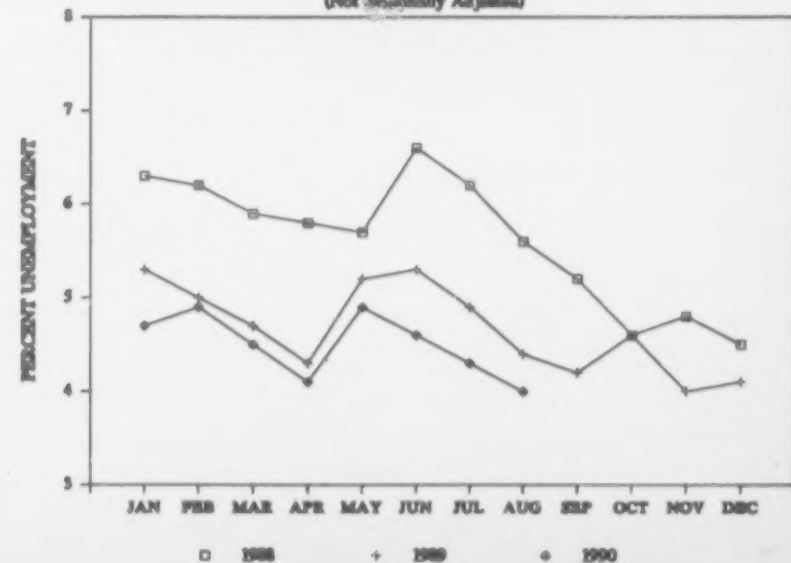
Local government increased by 300 due to the reopening of schools. Retail trade gained 300 jobs due to seasonal factors. Health services accounted for the increase of 400 in the services industry. The services industry increased by 4,100 jobs or 13.7 percent over the year.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
All Manufacturing	408.74	440.38	379.65	42.4	44.8	38.7	9.64	9.83	9.81
Durable Goods	379.28	405.06	375.71	43.1	43.0	39.3	8.80	9.43	9.56
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod.	427.31	437.22	464.18	45.8	42.0	42.9	9.33	10.41	10.82
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	356.17	392.73	316.64	40.2	43.3	35.3	8.86	9.07	8.97
Nondurable Goods	427.56	465.06	381.62	42.0	46.0	38.2	10.18	10.11	9.99
Food & Kindred Products	357.46	392.24	347.72	40.3	39.5	35.7	8.87	9.93	9.74
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	225.96	193.64	203.46	42.0	35.4	37.4	5.38	5.47	5.44

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 300 between July and August but decreased by 2,100 over the year. Manufacturing employment remained stable during the month but dropped by 2,500 over the year. During August, furniture and fixtures increased by 400 but this

was partially offset by a seasonal decrease of 300 in apparel. Services experienced a seasonal decrease of 300. State government increased by 700 due to educational employment which was partially offset by a decline of 300 in federal government due to the layoff of census workers.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989	July 1990
				Aug. 1990	Aug. 1990
TOTAL	287.3	284.9	285.2	-2.1	0.3
Goods Producing	89.3	86.3	86.3	-3.0	0.0
Manufacturing	51.7	49.2	49.2	-2.5	0.0
Durable Goods	31.2	29.3	29.4	-1.8	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	2.3	2.0	1.9	-0.4	-0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	2.6	2.2	2.6	0.0	0.4
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.2	2.2	2.1	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	22.6	21.4	21.4	-1.2	0.0
Nondurable Goods	20.5	19.9	19.8	-0.7	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	3.5	3.5	3.6	0.1	0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.1	1.9	2.0	-0.1	0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.4	8.2	7.9	-0.5	-0.3
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.4	2.2	2.2	-0.2	0.0
Mining	1.8	1.9	1.9	0.1	0.0
Construction	15.9	15.2	15.1	-0.8	-0.1
Service Producing	198.0	198.6	198.9	0.9	0.3
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	10.7	11.0	11.1	0.4	0.1
Trade	70.1	69.0	69.1	-1.0	0.1
Wholesale Trade	16.1	15.5	15.5	-0.6	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.7	9.1	9.1	-0.6	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.4	6.4	6.4	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	54.0	53.5	53.6	-0.4	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	9.9	10.3	10.3	0.4	0.0
Services	58.3	58.7	58.4	0.1	-0.3
Government	49.0	49.6	50.0	1.0	0.4
Federal	7.2	7.2	6.9	-0.3	-0.3
State & Local	41.8	42.4	43.1	1.3	0.7
State	20.2	20.4	21.1	0.9	0.7
Local	21.6	22.0	22.0	0.4	0.0

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

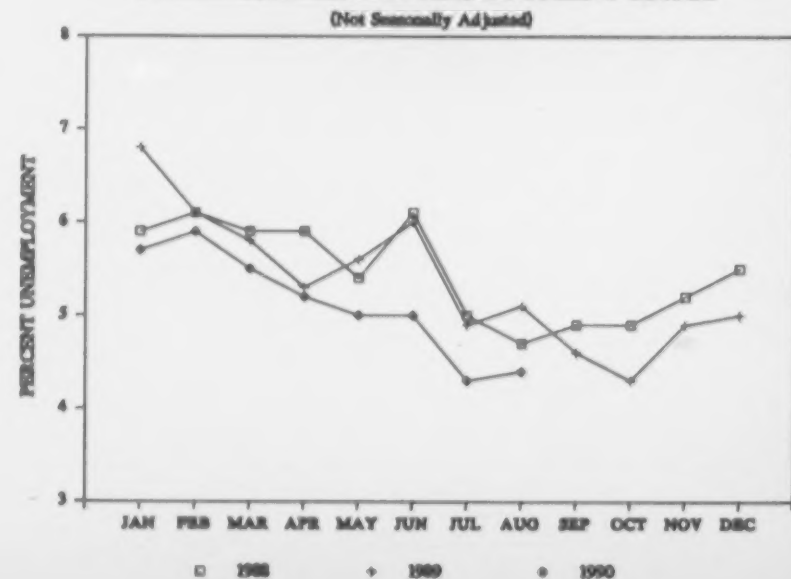
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
	1989	1990	1990	1989	1990	1990	1989	1990	1990
All Manufacturing	348.78	338.72	350.58	39.4	37.1	37.9	9.36	9.13	9.25
Durable Goods	418.59	385.31	380.81	41.2	37.7	38.7	10.16	9.89	9.84
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	346.13	401.17	342.27	41.0	43.7	38.2	8.93	9.18	8.96
Machinery, Except Electrical	368.24	337.83	339.11	40.6	40.9	36.9	9.07	8.26	9.19
Nondurable Goods	279.41	306.12	312.65	36.1	36.4	37.0	7.74	8.41	8.46
Food and Kindred Products	293.08	310.61	331.30	39.5	34.9	38.3	7.42	8.90	8.65
Textile Mill Products	231.86	213.29	209.66	33.7	26.3	25.6	6.88	8.11	8.19
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	251.40	276.48	281.39	37.3	38.4	39.3	6.74	7.20	7.16

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 3,100 between July and August and by 6,700 over the year. Recalls in apparel and other fabricated products and paper and allied products offset layoffs in food and kindred products. Trade and services increased by 400. The

reopening of schools caused a gain of 2,500 in local government which was partially offset by a decline of 500 in federal government due to the layoff of census workers and other part-time employees. Over the year, the services industry increased by 4,000 or 3.7 percent.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989 to Aug. 1990	July 1990 to Aug. 1990
TOTAL	462.1	465.7	468.8	6.7	3.1
Goods Producing	82.3	82.3	82.6	0.3	0.3
Manufacturing	62.8	62.1	62.3	-0.5	0.2
Durable Goods	27.7	27.5	27.7	0.0	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	2.4	2.3	2.3	-0.1	0.0
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.9	0.8	0.8	-0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.2	2.3	2.3	0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	5.8	5.9	6.0	0.2	0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	6.1	5.6	5.6	-0.5	0.0
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.9	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	7.3	7.5	7.6	0.3	0.1
Nondurable Goods	35.1	34.6	34.6	-0.5	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	7.6	7.5	7.1	-0.5	-0.4
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.3	2.0	2.2	-0.1	0.2
Paper & Allied Products	8.5	8.2	8.4	-0.1	0.2
Printing & Publishing	6.0	6.1	6.1	0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	8.5	8.6	8.6	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Mining & Construction	19.5	20.2	20.3	0.8	0.1
Service Producing	379.8	383.4	386.2	6.4	2.8
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	47.2	47.4	47.4	0.2	0.0
Trade	125.8	127.4	127.8	2.0	0.4
Wholesale Trade	38.9	39.5	39.6	0.7	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	23.9	24.5	24.5	0.6	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	15.0	15.0	15.1	0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	86.9	87.9	88.2	1.3	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	26.2	26.6	26.6	0.4	0.0
Services	109.3	112.9	113.3	4.0	0.4
Government	71.3	69.1	71.1	-0.2	2.0
Federal	18.7	19.8	19.3	0.6	-0.5
State & Local	52.6	49.3	51.8	-0.8	2.5
State	12.5	12.9	12.9	0.4	0.0
Local	40.1	36.4	38.9	-1.2	2.5

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

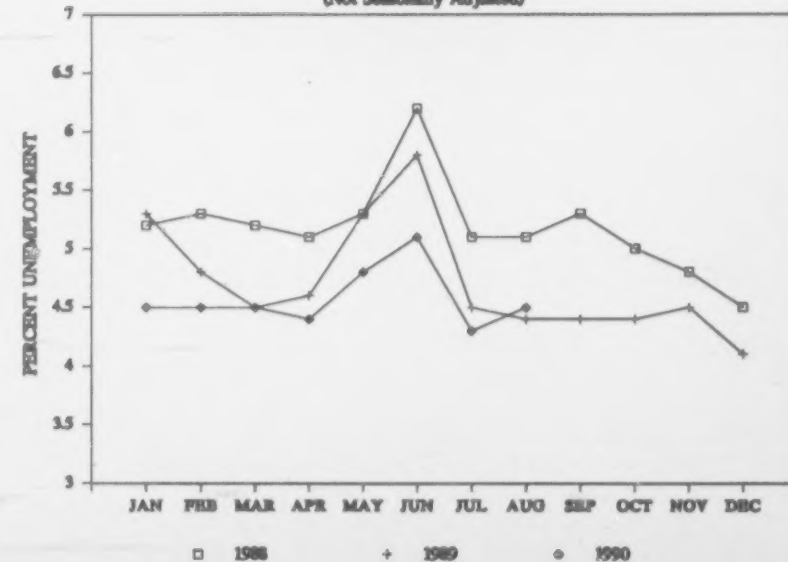
* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittenden County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

MEMPHIS MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
All Manufacturing	376.65	384.87	389.54	40.5	39.8	40.2	9.30	9.67	9.69
Durable Goods	326.99	307.58	313.39	37.2	36.4	37.0	8.79	8.45	8.47
Lumber and Wood Products	233.54	252.33	242.93	40.9	39.8	39.5	5.71	6.34	6.15
Furniture and Fixtures	275.06	283.85	279.24	43.8	40.9	39.0	6.28	6.94	7.16
Nondurable Goods	420.98	452.82	456.23	43.4	42.8	43.0	9.70	10.58	10.61
Food and Kindred Products	385.00	435.87	451.60	43.8	48.7	49.9	8.79	8.95	9.05
Paper and Allied Products	477.43	463.68	452.88	45.6	42.5	40.8	10.47	10.91	11.10
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	460.89	556.70	587.82	42.4	41.7	43.9	10.87	13.35	13.39

MEMPHIS MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 2,500 to 495,400 between July and August. This figure was 6,800 more than the August 1989 level of 488,600. Employment in machinery decreased by 400 due to layoffs. Retail trade increased by 700 jobs due to the opening of a mall. The reopening of schools caused a gain of 2,300 in local government.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	August 1989	Revised July 1990	Preliminary August 1990	Net Change	
				Aug. 1989 to Aug. 1990	July 1990 to Aug. 1990
TOTAL	488.6	492.9	495.4	6.8	2.5
Goods Producing	115.0	114.7	114.4	-0.6	-0.3
Manufacturing	88.9	89.5	89.4	0.6	-0.1
Durable Goods	49.5	50.2	50.2	0.7	0.0
Lumber & Wood Products	2.5	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	8.7	8.6	8.7	0.0	0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	15.9	15.5	15.1	-0.8	-0.4
Transportation Equipment	9.8	11.6	11.7	1.9	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	8.6	7.9	8.1	-0.5	0.2
Nondurable Goods	39.4	39.3	39.2	-0.2	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	7.5	7.6	7.5	0.9	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.5	3.2	3.2	-0.3	0.0
Printing & Publishing	14.0	14.0	14.0	0.0	0.0
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	5.3	5.3	5.2	-0.1	-0.1
Leather & Leather Products	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	5.1	5.3	5.4	0.3	0.1
Mining & Construction	26.1	25.2	24.9	-1.2	-0.3
Service Producing	373.6	378.2	381.0	7.4	2.8
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	26.7	26.6	26.7	0.0	0.1
Trade	120.4	119.0	119.7	-0.7	0.7
Wholesale Trade	34.6	34.5	34.5	-0.1	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	20.6	20.2	20.1	-0.5	-0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.0	14.3	14.4	0.4	0.1
Retail Trade	85.8	84.5	85.2	-0.6	0.7
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	32.2	32.2	32.4	0.2	0.2
Services	129.5	136.3	136.3	6.8	0.0
Government	64.8	64.1	65.9	1.1	1.8
Federal	9.8	10.2	9.7	-0.1	-0.5
State & Local	55.0	54.0	56.1	1.1	2.1
State	24.1	23.9	23.7	-0.4	-0.2
Local	30.9	30.1	32.4	1.5	2.3

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

*The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

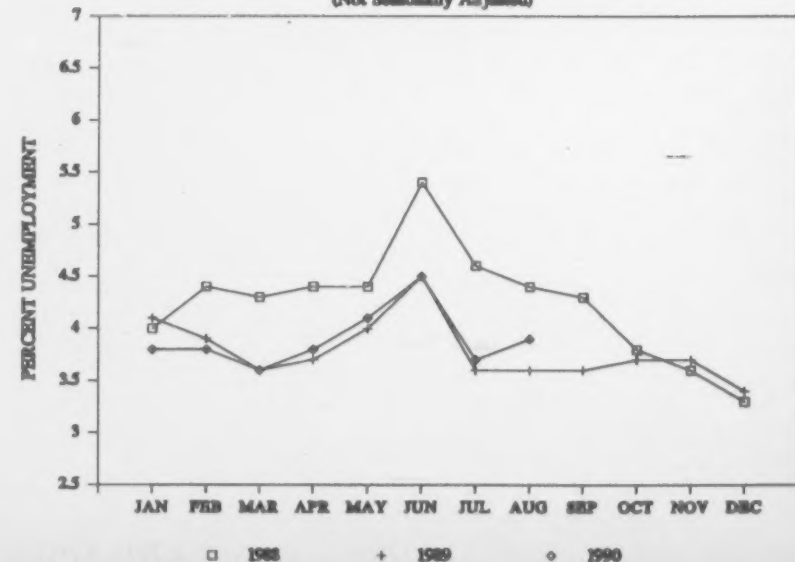
This increase in local government was partially offset by a decline of 500 jobs in federal government due to the layoff of census workers and a loss of 200 jobs in state government. Over the year, the services industry climbed by 6,800 jobs or 5.3 percent.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

NASHVILLE MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990	Aug. 1989	July 1990	Aug. 1990
All Manufacturing	425.70	479.97	483.08	41.9	41.7	42.6	10.16	11.51	11.34
Durable Goods	421.06	510.76	518.13	41.2	41.9	42.4	10.22	12.19	12.22
Nondurable Goods	433.01	427.25	426.13	43.0	41.4	43.0	10.07	10.32	9.91
Food and Kindred Products	434.52	427.81	328.78	42.6	40.9	41.2	10.20	10.46	7.98
Printing and Publishing	482.13	423.96	445.00	44.6	40.3	42.1	10.81	10.52	10.57

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

(1982=84=100)
AUGUST 1990

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers			Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Aug. 1990 from		UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to Aug. 1990 from			ALL ITEMS	Unadjusted percent change to Aug. 1990 from		ALL ITEMS	Unadjusted percent change to Aug. 1990 from	
		Aug. 1989-July 1990			Aug. 1989-July 1990				Aug. 1989-July 1990			Aug. 1989-July 1990	
All items (1982-84=100)...	131.6	5.6	0.9	129.9	5.4	0.9	SOUTH (1982-84=100).....	128.7	5.4	0.7	127.8	5.1	0.7
All items (1967=100).....	394.1	-	-	386.9	-	-	Less than 50,000 pop.....	128.5	7.1	0.4	129.0	6.5	0.5
Food and beverages.....	132.7	5.7	0.2	132.4	5.7	0.2	50,000 - 450,000 pop.....	127.6	5.5	1.3	128.0	5.3	1.3
Food.....	132.9	5.6	0.2	132.7	5.7	0.2	450,000 - 1,200,000 pop...	129.8	5.2	0.9	127.3	5.0	1.0
Food at home.....	132.7	6.2	0.2	132.4	6.3	0.2	1,200,000 or more pop.....	129.0	5.0	0.3	127.8	4.8	0.4
Food away from home.....	134.3	4.8	0.3	134.1	4.8	0.3							
Alcoholic beverages.....	130.2	4.6	0.2	129.8	4.7	0.2							
Housing.....	130.2	4.8	0.8	127.9	4.5	0.7	SOUTH (Dec. 1977=100).....	208.8	-	-	207.1	-	-
Shelter.....	142.4	6.2	0.9	134.7	5.9	0.9	Less than 50,000 pop.....	208.7	-	-	208.8	-	-
Renters' costs 1/.....	150.7	6.5	1.3	132.7	5.4	1.0	50,000 - 450,000 pop.....	206.6	-	-	207.2	-	-
Rent, residential.....	139.4	4.4	0.5	138.8	4.4	0.4	450,000 - 1,200,000 pop...	211.9	-	-	206.2	-	-
Apparel and upkeep.....	122.2	6.3	1.2	121.3	5.9	1.3	1,200,000 or more pop.....	208.3	-	-	207.1	-	-
Transportation.....	120.6	5.5	1.9	120.3	5.3	2.1							
Medical care.....	165.0	9.5	0.9	164.7	9.0	0.9							
Entertainment.....	133.0	4.5	0.2	132.1	4.4	0.3							
Other goods & services...	160.4	7.9	0.8	160.5	7.9	0.7							
Purchasing power of the dollar: 1982-84=\$1.00	\$.760	- 5.4	- 0.9	\$.770	- 5.2	- 0.9							

1/ Base year is December 1982 for CPI-U, December 1984 for CPI-W.

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes.

1/ Base year is December 1982 for CPI-U, December 1984 for CPI-W.

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

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